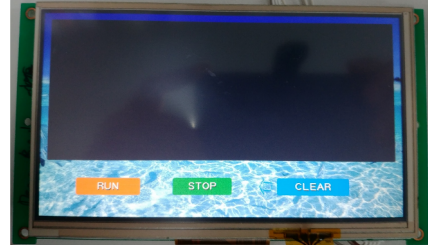


MST070M-AUT 활용 방법 참고, {<t>, !t! /터치 좌표 응용 시험}

RS232-TTL 과 RP2040 Pico W 를 활용
Arduino IDE 에서 버튼 영역의 비교및 연동기능 시험.

>> 준비물.

1. PC Arduino IDE , RP2040 pico 패키지 설치.
2. RP2040 Pico W
3. MST070M-AUT
4. RS232-TO-TTL 변환기
5. 전기 연결선 및 하우징. USB 케이블 5V 전원등.
6. 가로세로 배열 구성된 이미지 BMP 화일.



<주의> 준비된 배선이 없는 경우 전선 간의 납땜 연결(인두기)이 필요할 수 있다.

>> 목적 : MST070-AUT의 Touch 좌표를 획득하고, 연동기능을 아두이노에서 시험한다.

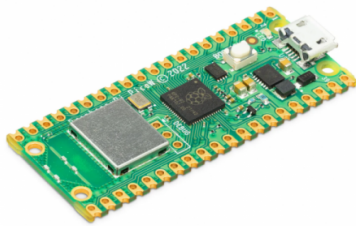
1. Arduion IDE : RP2040 Pico W 빌드환경 구성하기.

<FILE>-<환경설정>-<추가적인 보드 매니저의 URL> 에 아래 내용을 추가 기입하고,
RP2040 PICO W 보드 빌드 환경을 구성한다. (보드매니저, RP2040 검색 후 툴설치):

https://github.com/earlephilhower/arduino-pico/releases/download/global/package_rp2040_index.json

2. RP2040 Pico or Pico W 를 준비, USB 연결케이블도 함께 준비한다.

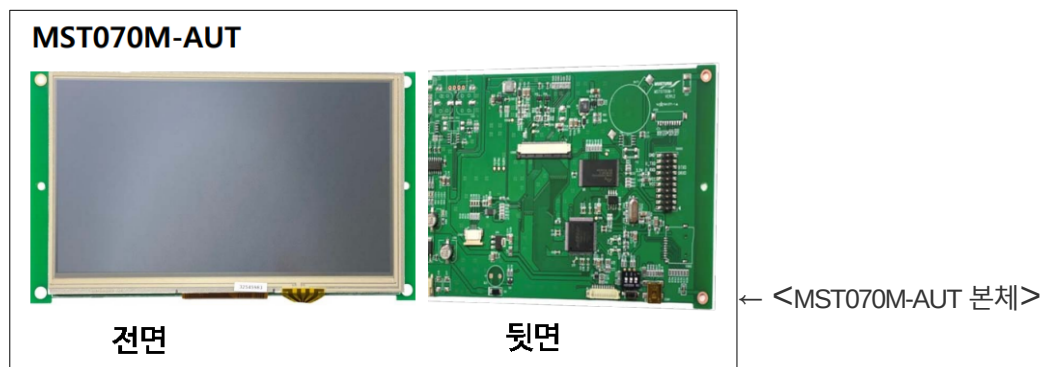
micro-USB 5P cable



라즈베리파이 피코 W

(Raspberry Pi Pico W) 를 부품 마켓에서 구매한다. < 이런 모습이다>

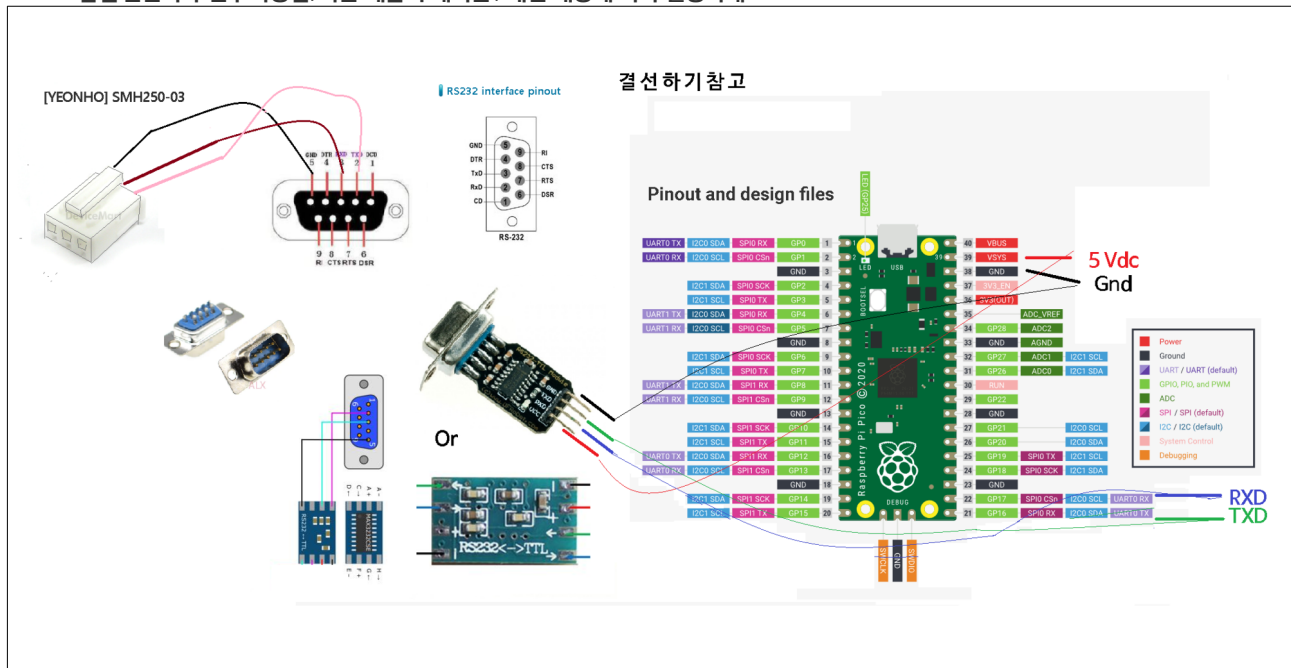
3. MST070M-AUT 를 준비 한다.



4.-5. RS232-TTL 변환기 구하기및 결선하기.

RS232 to TTL 변환기는 시중에 몇종류가 있다. 결선은 아래의 그림을 참조하여 결선한다.

납땜 연결이나 인두 사용법, 혹은 제품 구매처는, 개인 재량에 따라 활용하세요.



6. 가로세로 배열된 BMP image – USB 모드상태로 MST070M-AUT 저장하기.

아래 페이지에 말 움직임의 배열그림을, MST070에 USB 저장 모드 상태로 하여 "horse run.bmp" 로 루트 폴더에 저장 한다.

이때 루트폴더에서 config.txt 를 Notepad로 열어,

"CMD UART0 115200", "CMD HT 1" 이 동일한지 확인한다.

<< 통신속도와, 터치좌표 출력형식은 동일해야한다.>>

배열 그림의 크기가 달라지면 좌표값이 예제보다 더 많이 어긋나므로, 참조용 그림을 예제 제공시 함께 압축하여 포함한다.

모든 경우 Arduino IDE 에서 Serial1.begin(##) 과 동일한 수치일 때 잘 작동한다.

BMP image 크기는 480x480 이하를 권장한다.

boot mode S/W 를 원상 복귀하여 정상 부팅 시킨다.

```
sketch_mar10a | 여두아르 1819
```

```
//-----  
void Send_GraphWndLine(void)  
{  
    uint8_t cRb, cGb, cGb;  
    int iSX,iSY,iEX,iEY;  
    float fR,fG,fB;  
    int ipX,ipY;  
    int ipW,ipH;  
  
    cRb = random(10, 255);   cSb = random(10, 255);   cGb = random(10, 255);  
    iSX = random(GraphWnd.sx, GraphWnd.ex);          ///  
    iEX = random(GraphWnd.sx, GraphWnd.ex);          ///  
    iSY = random(GraphWnd.sy, GraphWnd.ey);          ///  
    iEY = random(GraphWnd.sy, GraphWnd.ey);          ///  
  
    ipX = min( iSX, iEX );  
    ipY = min( iSY, iEY );  
    ipW = max(iEX, iSX) - ipX;  
    ipH = max(iEY, iSY) - ipY;  
  
Serial.printf ("RR %d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,\l\r", ipX, ipY, ipW, ipH, 2, cRb, cGb, cGb); // C
```

7. 이제 아두이노 를 연결하고 아래 코드를 기록하고 동작을 확인한다. (첨부화일).

```
/*===== RP2040 PICO-W =====
 * RS232-TTL with RP2040 Pico W
 * Demo , Random/EGL Graphic Draw Demo
 * Touch Get IN, [STOP] / [Redraw]
 * PIN 21, (GP16), TXD RS-TTL-OUT
 * PIN 22, (GP17), RXD RS-TTL-IN
 */
#include <Arduino.h>

#define HR_IMAGE_BOX_WIDTH (158)
#define HR_IMAGE_BOX_HEIGHT (158)
#define HR_IMAGE_LOAD_MSG "ia 1,horse_run.bmpWr"
#define HR_IMAGE_CUT_SHOW_MSG "ico 1,100,100,%d,%d,%d,%dWr"
#define HR_IMAGE_UNLOAD_MSG "ix 1Wr"

typedef unsigned char UBYTE ;

typedef struct {
    int nTouchID;
    int sx, sy;
    int ex, ey;
    char czStrTitle[80];
}IDWrect;

/**
 * Random Seed,
 * DrawBar_Graphc (Building-Shape-box-Fill-poly)
 * Random-build-BOX, Window Rect chart,
 * /---/|
 * |  |
 * |  |
 * |  |
 * -----
 * MainButton Center Touch [STOP]/[ReDraw]
 * [RUN] [STOP] [CLEAR]
 *****/

IDWrect GraphWnd = {
    88, 15,15, 785,350, "Graph Window"    /// graphic draw area.
};

IDWrect BtnBoxList[4] =
{
    { 1, 80,390, 220, 430, " RUN " },    /// RUN-BOX,
    { 2, 290,390, 420, 430, "STOP" },    /// STOP-BOX,
    { 3, 520,390, 680, 430, "CLEAR" },    /// CLEAR-BOX,
    { 0, 0 , 0, 0, 0, "" }    /// empty-final-data
};

int CenX,CenY, WidX, WidY;
uint8_t nRGB_r, nRGB_g, nRGB_b;
int nWndLeft, nWndRight, nWndTop, nWndBottom;

/** RS232-String buffer */
char rs232_czStrBuf[250]={""};
char Xsbuf[512];
String strTouchRecv;
//=====================================================

int GridX_Pos[4] = { 0, HR_IMAGE_BOX_WIDTH ,
                    HR_IMAGE_BOX_WIDTH*2, HR_IMAGE_BOX_WIDTH*3 };    /// Image Box-Width
int GridY_Pos[4] = { 0, HR_IMAGE_BOX_HEIGHT ,
                    HR_IMAGE_BOX_HEIGHT*2, HR_IMAGE_BOX_HEIGHT*3 };    /// Image Box-Height

//=====================================================
void setup() {
    // put your setup code here, to run once:
    Serial.begin(115200);

    Serial1.setRX(17);
    Serial1.setTX(16);
    Serial1.begin(115200);    /// or 9600 etc
    randomSeed(analogRead(0));    /// random using...
}
//-----
int is_RectWnd(int newX, int newY, IDWrect *pWndRect )
{
    if ( (newX >= (pWndRect->sx)) && ( newX <= (pWndRect->ex)) ){
        if ( (newY >= (pWndRect->sy)) && (newY <= (pWndRect->ey))) {
            return 1;    /// TRUE;
        } else return 0;    /// FALSE
    } else {
        return 0;    /// FALSE
    };
}
//-----
int getid_TouchWndPos( int tpX, int tpY, IDWrect *pWndRect )
{
    if ( ( tpX >= (pWndRect->sx)) && ( tpX <= (pWndRect->ex)) ){
        if ( ( tpY >= (pWndRect->sy)) && ( tpY <= (pWndRect->ey)) ) {
            return pWndRect->nTouchID;    /// TRUE window area BOX-ID
        } else return 0;    /// Where Pos ?
    } else {
        return 0;    /// Where is Pos
    };
}
```

```
//-----
void Send_Buzz(void)
{
    ///sprintf(Xsbuf, "b 1Wr");
    Serial1.printf("b 1Wr" );
}

//-----
void Send_GraphWndLine(void)
{
    uint8_t cRb, cBb, cGb;
    int iSX,iSY,iEX,iEY;
    float fR,fG,fB;
    int ipX,ipY;
    int ipW,ipH;

    cRb = random(10, 255); cBb = random(10, 255); cGb = random(10, 255);
    iSX = random(GraphWnd.sx, GraphWnd.ex);    /// wx -> endX,
    iEX = random(GraphWnd.sx, GraphWnd.ex);
    iSY = random(GraphWnd.sy, GraphWnd.ey);
    iEY = random(GraphWnd.sy, GraphWnd.ey);

    ipX = min( iSX, iEX);
    ipY = min( iSY, iEY);
    ipW = max(iEX, iSX) - ipX;
    ipH = max(iEY, iSY) - ipY;

    Serial1.printf("RR %d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,1Wr", ipX, ipY, ipW, ipH, 2, cRb, cGb, cBb); /// C x,y,r,R,G,B
    fR = cRb * 1.2f; fG = cGb * 1.2f; fB = cBb * 1.2f;
    Serial1.printf("C %d,%d,%d,%d,%d,1Wr", ipX+3, ipY+3, 2, min(fR,255), min(fG,255), min(fB,255) ); /// C x,y,r,R,G,B
}

//-----
void Send_DrawCircle(int CenX, int CenY, int WidX, int WidY, UBYTE bR, UBYTE bG, UBYTE bB)
{
    sprintf( Xsbuf, "C %d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%dWr", CenX, CenY, WidX, WidY, nRGB_r, nRGB_g, nRGB_b);
}

//-----
void Send_DrawPie(int StaX, int StaY, int EndX, int EndY, UBYTE bR, UBYTE bG, UBYTE bB)
{
    sprintf( Xsbuf, "I %d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%dWr", StaX, StaY, EndX, EndY, nRGB_r, nRGB_g, nRGB_b);
}

//-----
void Send_DrawLeftArrow(int StaX, int StaY, int EndX, int EndY, UBYTE bR, UBYTE bG, UBYTE bB)
{
    // rr box + ellipse + ellipse + rr box
    int xOfs, yOfs;
    xOfs = (EndX- StaX ) / 3;
    yOfs = (EndY - StaY) / 4;
    Serial1.printf("RR %d,%d,%d,%d,2,%d,%d,%d,0Wr", StaX+ xOfs , StaY+ yOfs , xOfs*2, yOfs*2, bR,bG,bB);
    Serial1.printf("L %d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%dWr", StaX+ 1, StaY+ yOfs*2, StaX+ xOfs, StaY+ 1, bR,bG,bB); // '/'
    Serial1.printf("L %d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%dWr", StaX+ 1, StaY+ yOfs*2, StaX+ xOfs, StaY+ yOfs*4-1, bR,bG,bB); // 'W' back-slask
    Serial1.printf("L %d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%dWr", StaX+ xOfs, StaY+ 1, StaX+ xOfs, StaY+ yOfs*4-1, bR,bG,bB); // 'W' horiz-line
}

//-----
void Send_DrawButton( IDWrect *pWndRect, UBYTE bR, UBYTE bG, UBYTE bB)
{
    int nlen, nPixel;
    int pStrX, pStrY;
    char *prMsg;
    int StaX, StaY, EndX, EndY, WidX, WidY;
    // fill round-box
    prMsg = pWndRect->czStrTitle;
    StaX = pWndRect->sx; EndX = pWndRect->ex - StaX;
    StaY = pWndRect->sy; EndY = pWndRect->ey - StaY;
    Serial1.printf("RR %d,%d,%d,%d,5,%d,%d,%d,1Wr", StaX, StaY, EndX, EndY, bR, bG, bB);
    WidX = pWndRect->ex - StaX; WidY = pWndRect->ey - StaY;

    nlen = strlen( prMsg);
    nPixel = nlen * 16; // FONT : 9 pixel width char, default::
    pStrX = (StaX + WidX/2) - (nPixel / 2);
    pStrY = (StaY + WidY/2) - 16 + 3; /// Font:: 16 pixel-Height:

    if (nlen != 0){
        Serial1.printf("fWr");    /// 24x24, 16x24 , font large
        Serial1.printf("fc 9,9,9Wr");    /// Drak-black-Color
        Serial1.printf("f %s,%d,%dWr", prMsg, pStrX+ 1, pStrY+ 2);
        Serial1.printf("fc 255,255,255Wr");    /// White Text
        Serial1.printf("f %s,%d,%dWr", prMsg, pStrX, pStrY);
        Serial1.printf("fsWr");    /// 16x16, 8x16 , font small
    } else {
        /// Serial1.printf("f L0!,%d,%dWr", pStrX, pStrY);
        return;
    }
}

```

```

//-----
void Send_DrawfillBox( IDWrect *pWndRect, UBYTE bR, UBYTE bG, UBYTE bB)
{
    int  pStrX, pStrY;
    int  StaX, StaY, EndX, EndY, WidX, WidY;

    StaX = pWndRect->sx; EndX = pWndRect->ex - StaX;
    StaY = pWndRect->sy; EndY = pWndRect->ey - StaY;
    Serial1.printf("RR %d,%d,%d,%d,2,%d,%d,%d,1Wr", StaX, StaY, EndX, EndY, bR, bG, bB);
    //// Serial1.printf("RR 15,15,770,335,2,63,63,63,1Wr" );  //// back-gl-box-gray
}

////-----
int get_CheckTouchKey(void)
{
    char rdByte;
    int32_t tlastpos;
    String  tStrPoint="";
    String  xStrDigit="";
    long  tRiX, tRiY;
    int  j;
    int  nLDbtn=0;  // non-key

    // Serial get <t>...!! and scanf("%d,%d", &posX, &posY);
    while( Serial1.available() )
    {
        rdByte = Serial1.read();
        strTouchRecv.concat( rdByte);
        if (rdByte == '!')  //// Touch-up,release-check
        {
            tlastpos = strTouchRecv.lastIndexOf("t");
            ////if (strTouchRecv.substring("<t>") ==
            if ( tlastpos > 0) {
                tStrPoint = strTouchRecv.substring(tlastpos);
                Serial.print(tStrPoint);

                xStrDigit = tStrPoint.substring(2);  // "t" removing...
                tRiX = xStrDigit.toInt();
            }
            tlastpos =  tStrPoint.indexOf(',');
            // Serial.printf("Is=%d", tlastpos);
            if (tlastpos <=0) return (-1);  // error find ',' not..
            xStrDigit = tStrPoint.substring(tStrPoint.indexOf(',')+ 1);
            tRiY = xStrDigit.toInt();
            strTouchRecv = "";
            Serial.printf("POS(%d,%d)|", tRiX, tRiY);

            ///= check-buttons- show-Windows
            for(j=0; j < 4; j++){
                nLDbtn =  getid_TouchWndPos( tRiX, tRiY, &BtnBoxList[j] );
                if ( nLDbtn > 0) break;
            };
            return nLDbtn;
        };
        return (-1);  // error-key
    } else {
        // if ( recv over size) clear !!
    };
};

return (0);  /// not load-key
}

//-----
void play_horse_loop(void)
{
    static int nEntryCnt = 0;
    static int eki=0, ekj=0;
    int  i,j;

    if (++ nEntryCnt % 10 != 0) return;

    if (eki < 4)
    {
        ekj = (ekj < 4) ? 1+ ekj : 0 ;
        //-----
        sprintf( rs232_czStrBuf, HR_IMAGE_CUT_SHOW_MSG, //
            GridX_Pos[eki] , GridY_Pos[ekj],
            HR_IMAGE_BOX_WIDTH - 3, HR_IMAGE_BOX_HEIGHT - 2 );  // X-grid line thickness .3, // Y-grid line thickness .2
        ////Serial.printf( "Out>>W"%sW" !! WnWr" , rs232_czStrBuf );
        Serial1.printf( rs232_czStrBuf );
        //-----
        eki++;
    } else {
        eki = 0;
    };
};
}

```

```

//=====

///=====
void loop() {
  // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
  int i, j, k, tmp, m;
  int nKeyCode;
  int nWorkMode=1;

  reLoad_Main_SCREEN: ;

  Serial1.printf("i test3.bmp,0,0Wr" );
  Serial.printf(" Control Text Sending W'Horse Load ImageW" );
  Serial1.printf( HR_IMAGE_LOAD_MSG );
  delay(250);

  Send_DrawfillBox( &GraphWnd, 63,63,63); //// back-gl-box-gray
  Send_DrawButton( &BtnBoxList[0], 255, 127, 39); // Run,red-yello color
  Send_DrawButton( &BtnBoxList[1], 34, 177, 76); // Stop,green color
  Send_DrawButton( &BtnBoxList[2], 0, 162, 232); // Clear,blue color

  ///=== thin x3 => thick(3) arrow
  Send_DrawLeftArrow( 480,390, 510, 430, 0,162,232);
  Send_DrawLeftArrow( 481,392, 508, 428, 0,162,232);
  Send_DrawLeftArrow( 482,394, 509, 429, 0,162,232);

  ///// Touch get-key-control LOOP:::
  while(1)
  {
    ///-- get touch read. Serial1 , convert Touch IDCode
    nKeyCode = get_CheckTouchKey();
    if (nKeyCode != (-1) ) /// ! not key code or error get.
    {
      if (nKeyCode != 0) nWorkMode = nKeyCode;
    };

    ///-----
    switch(nWorkMode)
    {
    case 0: break; /// idle-state
    case 1: /// RUN
      nWorkMode = 1; /// Next to run .. run...

      Send_GraphWndLine(); /// box_fill-play
      play_horse_loop(); /// horse-play
      break;

    case 2: /// STOP
      nWorkMode = 0; /// Next to idle State
      break;

    case 3: /// CLEAR- reload
      Serial1.printf("RR 15,15,770,335,2,63,63,63,1Wr" ); //// back-gl-box-gray
      nWorkMode = 0; /// Next to idle State
      goto reLoad_Main_SCREEN;

      break;

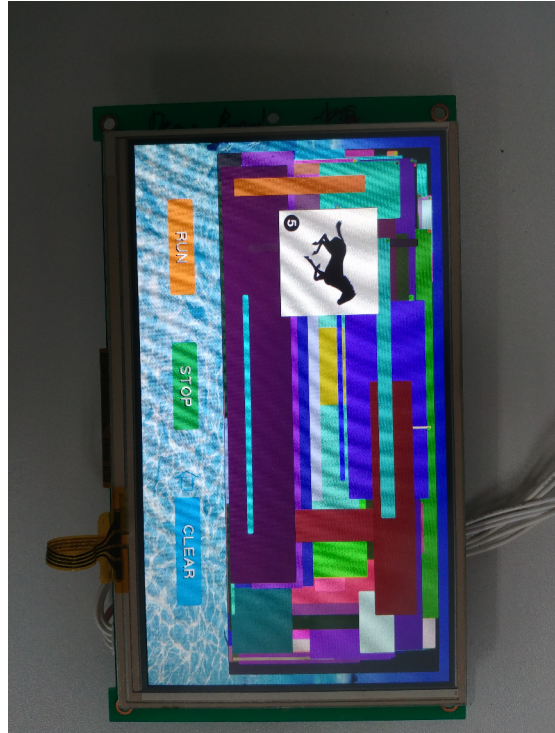
    defalut: break;
    };

    delay(10);
  };
  ///=====

  Serial.printf(">>> conterol UnLoad Image. ");
  Serial1.printf(HR_IMAGE_UNLOAD_MSG);
}

```

8. 동작 결과는 사진과 같다.



<MST070M-AUT> 의 터치 좌표 해석및 일반형태의 egl- 그림그리기 기능으로 버튼을 그리는 fill-box 기능과 터치 좌표의 해석예제임.

[RUN] 그림그리기,
[STOP] 정지.
[CLEAR] 처음상태로 화면 청소.

> 사용된 사진 배열의 눈금 간격 보기

